







# PET Cleaning & Disinfecting Guide

## **Dust & Dirt Removal**

- 1. If there is visible dust or dirt embedded in the material, use a bristle brush to loosen it. Avoid excess pressure.
- 2. Vacuum loose dust and dirt thoroughly from the material.

## **Cleaning & Maintenance**

- 1. Remove any loose dust and dirt (see above).
- 2. Pat any spills as soon as possible to avoid liquids from absorbing into the material.
- 3. Apply a mild detergent or soap and water with a hand spray application. Avoid over-soaking the surface.
- 4. Allow the surface to air dry.

## **Stain Removal**

- **1.** Saturate a lint-free cloth with a mild detergent or soap and water solution.
- **2.** Gently pat the stain starting from the outer edge and moving inward.
- 3. If required, get another cleaning cloth and repeat the procedure until there is no more transfer of dirt to the cloth.
- **4.** Once the stain is removed, soak up all remaining cleaning solution with a dry cloth.
- 5. Use a clean cloth or sponge soaked in water to remove any other residue.
- 6. Allow the surface to air dry.

#### Disinfection

- 1. Choose one of the recommended disinfectants\*.
- **2.** Mist the surface of the material with a hand spray applicator. Apply generously.
- **3.** Allow material to air dry.
- \* For disinfection, common household EPA-registered disinfectants should be effective.
- \* Please refer to the EPA-approved list of products effective against the virus that causes COVID-19.
- \* A diluted solution of household bleach (at least 1000 ppm sodium hypochlorite) can be sprayed on.

  Prepare a bleach solution by combining 1/3 C bleach per gallon of water. Bleach solutions will remain effective for a time period of up to 24 hours.